

## a VHLGenetics company

Sample data

H369131

401227 1

Swab

VHL ID:

Material:

Test ID-nr:

LABOCOR, S.L.
Alamillo 41
ES-28770 COLMENAR VIEJO (MADRI SPAIN
Customer number 23465

**Analysis Certificate** 

**Animal data** 

ELSA DEL VALLEDE GARQUEZ

Date of birth: Sexe:

Sampling:

12.05.2019 Female

Reg. nr.: Breed:

Name:

941000024314805 West Highl. Terrier

Sampling witness statement attached.

H421 - Hiplaxity 2 - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: N/N

H423 - SCID JTR - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H724 - L2-HGA - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H804 - Cerebellar Ataxia / NCL-A - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H811 - Hyperuricemia (HUU) - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H849 - PLL - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H919 - Hiplaxity 1 - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: N/N

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H485 - Congenital Hypotyroidism (CHG) 2 - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H488 - Congenital Hypotyroidism (CHG)3 - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H492 - Hyperkeratosis, palmoplantar - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H509 - Polycystic kidney disease (PKD1) - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H360 - Gallbladder Mucocele - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H363 - Hyperkeratosis, epidermolytic - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H357 - Cone Rod Dystrophy 1 (crd1) - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H358 - Cone Rod Dystrophy 2 (crd2) - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H699 - Hereditary Cataract 2 (HC) -HSF4 - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H744 - vWD Type III - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H303 - Spinocerebellar ataxia - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

H312 - Craniomandibular Osteopathy (CMO) - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

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H324 - FBN2 - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: N/N

H677 - Von-Willebrands Disease Type 1 - Date of test: 19.03.2020

Testresult: NORMAL

D. Mioch, MSc Veterinary Medicine CFO

CEO

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## H421 - Hiplaxity 2

The disease is of multifactorial origin, which means that the symptoms are a combination of genetic factors as well as the environment.

This marker is part of a panel of genetic factors influencing hip laxity. For each genetic factor of a multifactorial disease, the desirable genetic variant is indicated as 'N/N'. Animals carrying one copy of the undesirable genetic variant are indicated as 'N/HL', whereas animals carrying two copies of the undesirable genetic variant are indicated as 'HL/HL'.

#### H423 - SCID JTR

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

#### H724 - L2-HGA

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

#### H804 - Cerebellar Ataxia / NCL-A

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

### H811 - Hyperuricemia (HUU)

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

## H849 - PLL

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill

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due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

#### H919 - Hiplaxity 1

The disease is of multifactorial origin, which means that the symptoms are a combination of genetic factors as well as the environment.

This marker is part of a panel of genetic factors influencing hip laxity. For each genetic factor of a multifactorial disease, the desirable genetic variant is indicated as 'N/N'. Animals carrying one copy of the undesirable genetic variant are indicated as 'N/HL', whereas animals carrying two copies of the undesirable genetic variant are indicated as 'HL/HL'.

#### H485 - Congenital Hypotyroidism (CHG) 2

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

## H488 - Congenital Hypotyroidism (CHG)3

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

### H492 - Hyperkeratosis, palmoplantar

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

### H509 - Polycystic kidney disease (PKD1)

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will also become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring

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will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

#### H360 - Gallbladder Mucocele

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will also become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

### H363 - Hyperkeratosis, epidermolytic

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

### H357 - Cone Rod Dystrophy 1 (crd1)

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

#### H358 - Cone Rod Dystrophy 2 (crd2)

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

### H699 - Hereditary Cataract 2 (HC) -HSF4

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

## H744 - vWD Type III

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#### Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

#### H303 - Spinocerebellar ataxia

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will not become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

#### H312 - Craniomandibular Osteopathy (CMO)

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will also become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

### H324 - FBN2

The disease is of multifactorial origin, which means that the symptoms are a combination of genetic factors as well as the environment.

This marker is part of a panel of genetic factors influencing hip laxity. For each genetic factor of a multifactorial disease, the desirable genetic variant is indicated as 'N/N'. Animals carrying one copy of the undesirable genetic variant are indicated as 'N/HL', whereas animals carrying two copies of the undesirable genetic variant are indicated as 'HL/HL'.

### H677 - Von-Willebrands Disease Type 1

Explanation about the result:

NORMAL: The animal is free and has two healthy alleles. When used in breeding, this animal will not become ill due to the disease. It cannot spread the disease in the population.

CARRIER: The animal is carrier and has one healthy and one mutant (disease) allele. When used in breeding, 50 percent of the offspring will receive the disease allele. Carriers will also become ill.

AFFECTED: The animal is affected and has two mutant (disease) alleles. When used in breeding, all offspring will receive the mutant allele from this animal. Affected animals will become ill.

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